Biocatalysts and Biocomposites in the context of Colombian Biorefineries



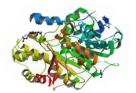
Carlos Eduardo Orrego

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OUTLINE





- MARKETS
- BIOREFINERY
- BIOCOMPOSITES
- NATURAL FIBER AND BIOCOMPOSITES
- ENZYME IMMOBILIZATION
- INSIGHTS FROM AN OUTSIDER



ENZYME MARKET

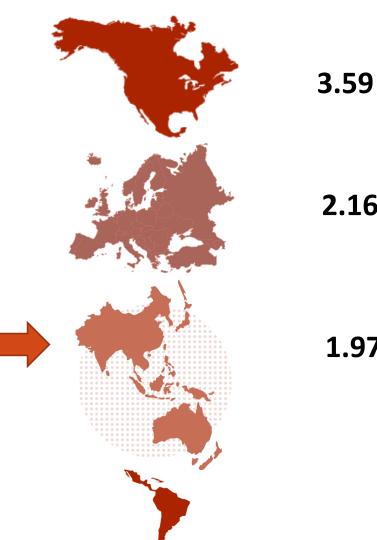




WORLD ENZYME DEMAND (US\$ x 10 ⁹)				
Market year	2012	2017	2022	
Industrial enzymes	3.63	4.76	6.30	
Speciality enzymes	1.50	2.19	3.20	
World enzyme demand	5.13	6.95	9.50	

Grand View forecasts the global enzymes market to rise to \$17.5 billion in 2024 from \$8.18 billion in 2015 According to this firm **Biofuel enzymes market** was worth over USD 500 million.

Latin America region is projected to be the fastest-growing market from 2016 to 2021. However, it is still in the early growth phase.



2.16

1.97

PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES MARKET



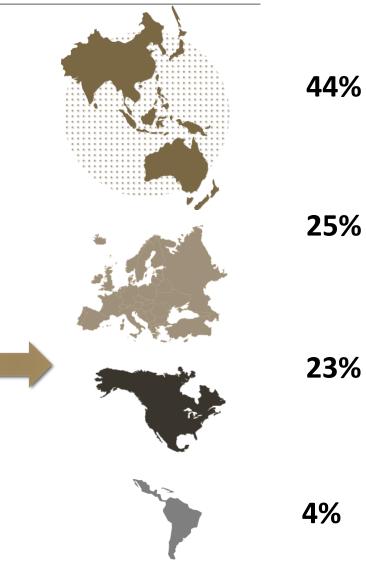


WORLD PLASTICS AND PACKAGING DEMAND (US\$ billon)

Market year	2013-15	2020-24
Plastic	234	654
Packaging	270	375
Composites	42	131

Plastics market in 2013.

Global biocomposites market is estimated at \$438 million in 2015 and is expected to reach \$648 million in 2020.



BIOREFINERY



FEEDSTOCKS

Timber

Fibers/ Textiles

Animal feed

Food

RESIDUES

Forestry Industrial

Agricultural
Animal
Shell waste

Sewage Municipal solid waste

BIOMASS SOURCES



R E A T M E N T S

PLATFORMS

C5&C6 SUGARS
LIGNIN
SYNGAS
BIOGAS
HYDROGEN
PYROLITIC OILS
HEAT
ELECTRICITY
CAKE
GREEN PRESSATE
PROTEINS
PULP
OIL
FIBER

MARKETS



Biofuels Renovable Heat&Power



Food additives & ingredients



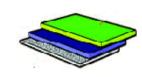
Materials for agriculture



Packaging



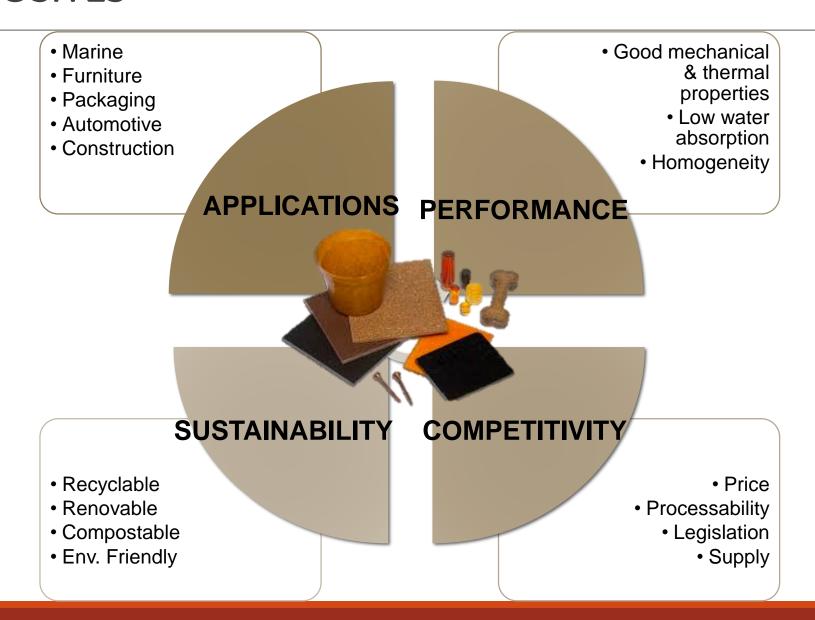
Cosmetics



Biocomposites

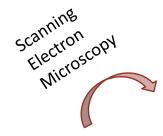
BIOCOMPOSITES



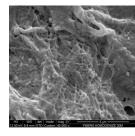


NATURAL FIBERS AND BIOCOMPOSITES





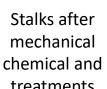




SEM Raw material after: Mechanical and chemical treatment (a), Homogenized fiber at 30 min (b).

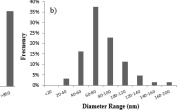
Cellulose nanofibers from passion fruit stalks

Raw Material: Stalk





Average diameter and Size distribution of the diameter of stalks after: Mechanical and chemical treatment (a). Homogenized fiber at 30 min (b).



Bioactive peptides from rice bran using immobilized protease

NATURAL FIBERS AND BIOCOMPOSITES



Hand lay-out polyester



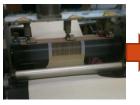


Chemical treatment

Isolation of cellulose nanofibers from passion fruit stalks



Agricultural residues



Bio-epoxy foams



Physical treatment

Universidade do Minho

Prof. Raul Fangueiro

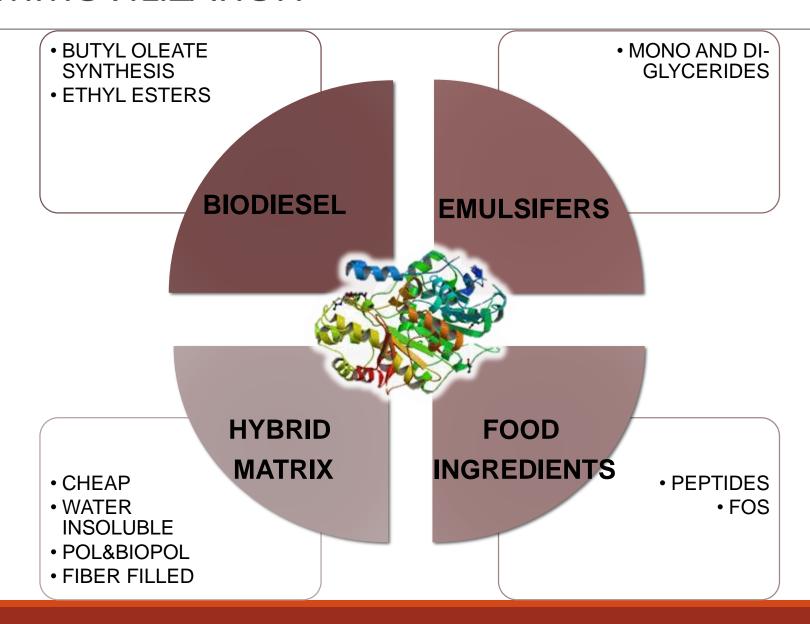


Clemson University Prof. Srikanth Pila

Biocomposites from agricultural residues/natural fibers and polymeric matrices

ENZYME IMMOVILIZATION

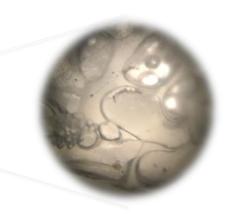


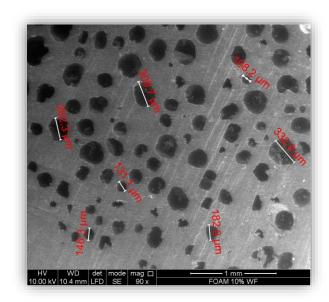


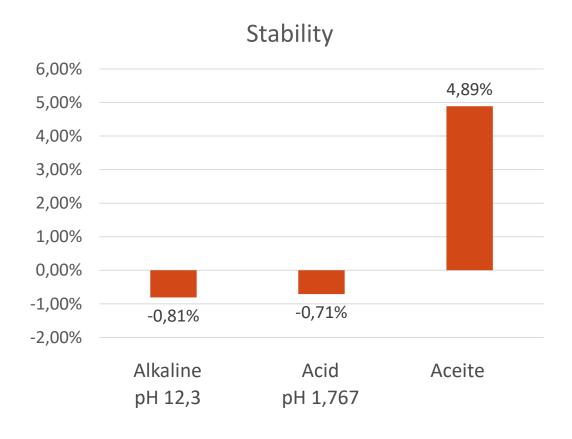
ENZYME IMMOBILIZATION AND BIOCOMPOSITE











INSIGHTS FROM AN OUTSIDER





 If technology and market allow, it seems to be logical to separate instead of breaking sophisticated biomolecules of biomass sources.

 Despite much research, the efficiency of the enzymes system for the deconstruction of plant polysaccharides is low and the amount of enzyme required is large.



• Currently, the competitiveness of most biorefinery processes needs to be supported by legislative provisions.



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